## Mathletics <br> Quebec Program of Studies

 Skill Quests

Grades 3-6
Mathletics
May, 2022

Mathletics
Quebec Program of Studies
Skill Quests
May 2022
Grade 3 ..... 4
1 Arithmetic ..... 4
1.1 Understanding and writing numbers ..... 4
1.2 Meaning of operations involving numbers ..... 6
1.3 Operations involving numbers. ..... 7
2 Geometry ..... 10
3 Measurement ..... 11
4 Statistics ..... 13
5 Probability ..... 14
Grade 4 ..... 15
1 Arithmetic ..... 15
1.1 Understanding and writing numbers ..... 15
1.2 Meaning of operations involving numbers ..... 17
1.3 Operations involving numbers. ..... 18
2 Geometry ..... 20
3 Measurement ..... 21
4 Statistics ..... 22
5 Probability ..... 23
Grade 5 ..... 24
1 Arithmetic ..... 24
1.1 Understanding and writing numbers ..... 24
1.2 Meaning of operations involving numbers. ..... 26
1.3 Operations involving numbers ..... 26
2 Geometry ..... 31
2.1 Geometry ..... 31
3 Measurement ..... 32
3.1 Measurement ..... 32
4 Statistics ..... 34
4.1 Statistics ..... 34
5 Probability ..... 35
5.1 Probability ..... 35
Grade 6 ..... 36
1 Arithmetic ..... 36
1.1 Understanding and writing numbers ..... 36
1.2 Meaning of operations involving numbers ..... 38
1.3 Operations involving numbers. ..... 38
2 Geometry ..... 42
2.1 Geometry ..... 42
3 Measurement ..... 43
3.1 Measurement ..... 43
4 Statistics ..... 44
4.1 Statistics ..... 44
5 Probability ..... 45
5.1 Probability ..... 45

## Grade 3

## 1 Arithmetic

### 1.1 Understanding and writing numbers

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 1. Counts or recites counting rhymes involving natural numbers <br> b. counts forward or backward <br> c. skip counts (e.g. by twos) | Count using natural numbers | Counting by 1s to 1000 |
|  |  | Counting by 2 s to 1000 |
|  |  | Counting by 3s to 1000 |
|  |  | Counting by 4s to 1000 |
|  |  | Counting by 5 s to 1000 |
|  |  | Counting by 10s to 1000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 2. Counts collections (using objects or drawings) <br> c. counts a collection by grouping or regrouping <br> d. counts a pre-grouped collection | Counting collections | Counting collections of 10 s \& 100s |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 3. Reads and writes any natural number | Read \& write numbers to 10000 | Reading \& writing numbers to $10000$ |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 4. Represents natural numbers in different ways or associates a number with a set of objects or drawings <br> b. emphasis on exchanging apparent, non-accessible groupings, using structured materials (e.g. base ten blocks, number tables) <br> c. emphasis on place value in nonapparent, non-accessible groupings, using materials for which groupings are symbolic | Place value of numbers to 10000 | Place value of numbers to 10 000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 | Compose \& decompose numbers to 10000 | Composing \& decomposing numbers to 10000 |
| 5. Composes and decomposes a natural number in a variety of ways (e.g. $123=100+23,123=100+$ |  | Non-standard partitioning of numbers to 10000 |


| $20+3,123=50+50+20+3,123$ <br> $=2 \times 50+30-7,123=2 \times 60+3)$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. Natural numbers less than <br> 100 000 <br> 6. Identifies equivalent expressions <br> (e.g. $52=40+12,25+27=40+$ <br> 12, $52=104 \div 2$ ) | Recognize equivalent <br> number sentences | Recognizing equivalent <br> number sentences |
| A. Natural numbers less than <br> 100 000 <br> 8. Arranges natural numbers in <br> increasing or decreasing order | Order numbers to <br> 10 <br> 000 | Ordering numbers to 10000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than <br> 100 000 <br> 12. Classifies natural numbers in <br> various ways, based on their <br> properties (e.g. even numbers, <br> composite numbers) | Investigate odd \& even <br> numbers | Investigating odd \& even <br> numbers |
| A. Natural numbers less than <br> 100 000 | Round numbers to <br> 13. Approximates a collection, <br> using objects or drawings (e.g. <br> estimate, round up/down to a given <br> value) | 10 000 |


| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 1. Represents decimals in a variety <br> of ways (using objects or drawings) | Represent decimals in <br> different ways | Representing tenths using <br> models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 3. Reads and writes numbers <br> written in decimal notation | Read \& write decimal <br> numbers | Introducing decimal notation |
|  | Reading \& writing decimals |  |
| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 8. Compares two decimals | Compare decimals | Comparing \& ordering decimal <br> tenths |
| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 9. Approximates (e.g. estimates, <br> rounds to a given value, truncates <br> decimal places) | Approximate decimals | Rounding decimal tenths |
| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 11. Matches <br> a. a fraction to its decimal | Match fractions to <br> decimals | Connecting decimal fractions <br> to common fractions |

### 1.2 Meaning of operations involving numbers

| A. Natural number less than 100000 <br> 2. Uses objects, diagrams or equations to represent a situation and conversely, describes a situation represented by objects, diagrams or equations (use of different meanings of addition and subtraction) <br> a. transformation (adding, taking away), uniting, comparing b. composition of transformations positive, negative | Add \& subtract word problems to 10000 | Solving addition \& subtraction word problems |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural number less than 100000 | Use multiplication \& repeated addition | Using repeated addition to multiply |
| 3. Uses object, diagrams or equations to represent a situation and conversely, describes a situation represented by objects, diagrams or equations (use of different means of multiplication and division) <br> b. rectangular arrays, repeated addition, Cartesian product, area, volume, repeated subtraction, sharing, number of times x goes into $y$, and comparisons (using objects, diagrams or equations) |  | Connecting multiplication \& repeated addition |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { A. Natural number less than } \\ 100000\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Equality in numerical } \\ \text { expressions } \\ \text { 4. Establishes equality relations } \\ \text { between numerical expressions }\end{array} & \end{array} \begin{array}{l}\text { Comparing numbers using } \\ \text { inequality symbols }\end{array}\right]$

### 1.3 Operations involving numbers

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers <br> 1. Approximates the result of a. an addition or subtraction involving natural numbers <br> b. any of the four operations involving natural numbers | Estimate the result of calculations | Estimating addition of 3-digit numbers |
|  |  | Estimating subtraction of 3-digit numbers |
| A. Natural numbers <br> 2. Builds a repertoire of memorized addition and subtraction facts <br> b. Develops various strategies that promote mastery of number facts and relates them to the properties of addition <br> c. Masters all addition facts ( $0+0$ to $10+10$ ) and the corresponding subtraction facts | Add \& subtract within $20$ | Addition \& subtraction facts within 20 |
| A. Natural numbers <br> 3. Develops processes for mental computation <br> a. Uses his/her own processes to determine the sum or difference of two natural numbers <br> b. Uses his/her own processes to determine the product or quotient of two natural numbers | Add/subtract using <br> 2-digit numbers | Addition: bridging to ten using models |
|  |  | Addition: rounding \& compensating |
|  |  | Subtraction: bridging to ten using models |
|  |  | Subtraction: rounding \& compensating |
|  |  | Add/subtract: bridging to ten using models |
|  |  | Add/subtract: rounding \& compensating |



| objects, drawings, charts and <br> tables <br> b. Develops various strategies that <br> promote mastery of number facts <br> and relate them to the properties of <br> multiplication <br> c. Masters all multiplication facts (0 <br> x 0 to $10 \times 10$ ) and the <br> corresponding division facts |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. Natural numbers <br> 6. Builds a repertoire of memorized <br> multiplication and division facts <br> a. Builds a memory of multiplication <br> facts (0 x 0 to 10 x 10) and the <br> corresponding division facts, using <br> objects, drawings, charts and <br> tables <br> b. Develops various strategies that <br> promote mastery of number facts <br> and relate them to the properties of <br> multiplication <br> c. Masters all multiplication facts (0 | Mivision practice <br> x 0 to $10 \times 10$ ) and the <br> corresponding division facts | Multiplying \& dividing by 2s, 5s <br>  |
| C. Decimals <br> 2. Develops processes for mental <br> computation <br> a. adds and subtracts decimals | Add \& subtract <br> decimals |  |

## 2 Geometry

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B. Solids <br> 1. Compares objects or parts of <br> objects in the environment with <br> solids | Compare objects with <br> solids | Comparing solid objects |
| B. Solids <br> 3. Identifies the main solids | Identify solids | Sorting solid objects |
| B. Solids <br> 4. Identifies and represents the <br> different faces of a prism or <br> pyramid |  <br> pyramids | Identifying properties of <br> prisms \& pyramids |
| B. Solids <br> 6. Classifies prisms and pyramids |  <br> pyramids |  <br> pyramids |
| B. Solids <br> 8. Matches the net of <br> a. a prism to the corresponding <br> prism and vice versa <br> b. a pyramid to the corresponding <br> pyramid and vice versa | pyramids of prisms \& | Matching nets to prisms |
| C. Plane figures <br> 2. Identifies plane figures (square, <br> rectangle, triangle, rhombus and <br> circle) | Identify \& sort plane <br> figures | Identifying regular plane <br> figures |
|  |  | Identifying regular \& irregular <br> plane figures |
| Sorting plane figures |  |  |
| C. Plane figures <br> 5. Identifies and constructs parallel <br> lines and perpendicular lines |  <br> perpendicular lines | Identifying parallel lines |
| C. Plane figures <br> 6. Describes quadrilaterals | Describe quadrilaterals | Describing quadrilaterals |
| C. Plane figures <br> 7. Classifies quadrilaterals | Classify quadrilaterals | Sorting \& naming <br> quadrilaterals |
| D. Frieze patterns and tessellations <br> 1. Identifies congruent figures | Identify congruent <br> figures | Exploring congruency in plane <br> shapes |
| D. Frieze patterns and tessellations <br> 2. Observes and produces patterns <br> using geometric figures | Patterns with <br> geometric figures | Creating \& describing <br> repeating patterns |
|  |  | Exploring visual patterns <br> Exploring simple patterns with <br> transformations |
| Manipulating repeating <br> patterns |  |  |
| D. Frieze patterns and tessellations <br> 3. Observes and produces frieze <br> patterns and tessellations <br> a. using reflections | Reflections \& symmetry | Introducing reflections |
|  |  | Recognizing symmetry of <br> shapes |

## 3 Measurement

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Lengths <br> 4. Estimates and measures the dimensions of an object using conventional units <br> b. metre, decimetre, centimetre and millimetre | Estimate \& measure length | Estimating \& measuring to the nearest cm |
|  |  | Measuring in m \& cm |
|  |  | Measuring in half \& quarter $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ |
|  |  | Ordering \& comparing lengths: m \& cm |
| A. Lengths <br> 5. Establishes relationships between units of measure for length <br> a. metre, decimetre, centimetre and millimetre | Relationships between units of length | Converting between m \& cm |
|  |  | Selecting appropriate units of measure: m \& cm |
| B. Surface areas <br> 1. Estimates and measures surface area <br> a. using unconventional units | Estimate \& measure surface area | Using unconventional units to measure area |
|  |  | Comparing \& ordering areas |
|  |  | Measuring \& estimating areas using a square unit |
| C. Volumes <br> 1. Estimates and measures volumes <br> a. using unconventional units | Estimate \& measure volume | Comparing \& ordering volumes |
| D. Angles <br> 1. Compares angles | Compare angles | Comparing angles informally |
| E. Capacities <br> 1. Estimates and measures capacity using unconventional units | Compare \& order volumes | Comparing \& ordering volumes through displacement |
|  |  | Estimating, comparing \& measuring: cm2 blocks |
| E. Capacities <br> 2. Estimates and measures capacity using conventional units | Estimate \& measure capacity | Measuring capacity: litres |
|  |  | Measuring capacity: millilitres |
|  |  | Estimating, comparing \& measuring: litres |
|  |  | Selecting appropriate unit of measure: L \& mL |
| F. Masses <br> 1. Estimates and measures mass using unconventional units | Mass: unconventional units | Comparing \& ordering mass: unconventional units |
| F. Masses <br> 2. Estimates and measures mass using conventional units | Mass: conventional units | Measuring mass: kg |
| G. Time <br> 1. Estimates and measures time using conventional units | Estimate \& measure time | Choosing appropriate units to measure time |
|  |  | Telling time to five minutes (analogue) |
|  |  | Telling time to five minutes (digital) |


| G. Time <br> 2. Establishes relationships <br> between units of measure | Relationship between <br> units of time | Recalling relationships <br> between units of time |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Comparing \& ordering time: <br> seconds \& minutes |  |  |
| H. Temperature <br> 1. Estimates and measures <br> temperature using conventional <br> units | Estimate \& measure <br> temperature | Introducing thermometers |

## 4 Statistics

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Formulates questions for a survey (based on age-appropriate topics, students' language level, etc) | Formulate questions in data | Posing questions for a survey |
| 2. Collects, describes and organizes data (classifies or categorizes) using tables | Collect, describe \& organize data | Collecting, describing \& organizing data |
| 3. Interprets data using <br> b. a table, a bar graph, a pictograph and a broken-line graph | Interpret data | Using a table |
|  |  | Using a pictograph |
|  |  | Using a bar graph |
|  |  | Constructing a bar graph |
|  |  | Introducing the statistical investigation process |
|  |  | Conducting a simple statistical investigation |

## 5 Probability

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. When applicable, recognizes <br> variability in possible outcomes <br> (uncertainty) | Use the language of <br> probability | Using the language of <br> probability |
| 2. When applicable, recognizes <br> equiprobability | Recognize <br> equiprobability | Recognizing equiprobability <br> experiments chance |
| 7. Uses tables or diagrams to <br> collect and display the outcomes of <br> an experiment | Display outcomes in <br> data |  <br> display outcomes |

## Grade 4

## 1 Arithmetic

### 1.1 Understanding and writing numbers

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 1. Counts or recites counting rhymes involving natural numbers <br> b. counts forward or backward <br> c. skip counts (e.g. by twos) | Count natural numbers | Counting by 50s to 10000 |
|  |  | Counting by 25 s to 10000 |
|  |  | Counting by 20s to 10000 |
|  |  | Counting by 1000s to 10000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 3. Reads and writes any natural number | Read \& write numbers to 100000 | Reading \& writing numbers to 100000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 4. Represents natural numbers in different ways or associates a number with a set of objects or drawings <br> b. emphasis on exchanging apparent, non-accessible groupings, using structured materials (e.g. base ten blocks, number tables) <br> c. emphasis on place value in nonapparent, non-accessible groupings, using materials for which groupings are symbolic | Represent numbers to 100000 | Place value of numbers to 100000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 5. Composes and decomposes a natural number in a variety of ways (e.g. $123=100+23,123=100+$ $20+3,123=50+50+20+3,123$ $=2 \times 50+30-7,123=2 \times 60+3)$ | Compose \& decompose numbers to 100000 | Composing \& decomposing numbers to 100000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 6. Identifies equivalent expressions $\begin{aligned} & \text { (e.g. } 52=40+12,25+27=40+ \\ & 12,52=104 \div 2 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Identify equivalent expressions | Identifying equivalent expressions |


| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 7. Compares natural numbers | Compare numbers to 100000 | Comparing numbers to 100000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 8. Arranges natural numbers in increasing or decreasing order | Order numbers to $100000$ | Ordering numbers to 100000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 12. Classifies natural numbers in various ways, based on their properties (e.g. even numbers, composite numbers) | Understand odd \& even numbers | Understanding odd \& even numbers |
| A. Natural numbers less than 100000 <br> 13. Approximates a collection, using objects or drawings (e.g. estimate, round up/down to a given value) | Round numbers to 100000 | Rounding numbers to 100000 |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings) <br> 2. Represents a fraction in a variety of ways, based on a whole or a collection of objects | Represent fractions | Finding halves, fourths \& eighths |
|  |  | Counting in tenths |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings) <br> 3. Matches a fraction to part of a whole (congruent or equivalent parts) or part of a group of objects, and vice versa | Match fractions | Finding a unit fraction of a quantity |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings) <br> 7. Compares a fraction to $0,1 / 2$ or 1 | Compare fractions | Comparing fractions using benchmarks |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings) <br> 8. Verifies whether two fractions are equivalent | Equivalence of fractions | Investigating equivalent fractions |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings) 10. Orders fractions with the same denominator | Order fractions | Ordering tenths |
| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 1. Represents decimals in a variety of ways (using objects or drawings) | Represent decimals | Representing decimals to hundredths |
| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 3. Reads and writes numbers written in decimal notation | Read \& write decimals | Reading \& writing hundredths |
| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 5. Composes and decomposes a decimal written in decimal notation | Compose \& decompose decimals | Composing \& decomposing decimals to hundredths |


| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 8. Compares two decimals | Compare decimals | Comparing decimals |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 9. Approximates (e.g. estimates, <br> rounds to a given value, truncates <br> decimal places) | Approximate decimals | Rounding decimal hundredths |
| C. Decimals up to hundredths <br> 11. Matches <br> a. a fraction to its decimal | Match fractions to <br> decimals |  <br> fractions |
| D. Integers <br> 1. Represents integers in a variety <br> of ways (using objects or drawings) <br> (e.g. tokens in two different colours, <br> number line, thermometer, football <br> field, elevator, hot air balloon) | Represent integers in <br> different ways | Representing numbers in <br> different ways |

### 1.2 Meaning of operations involving numbers

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural number less than 100000 <br> 1. Determines the operation(s) to perform in a given situation | Determine operations to use | One-step word problems |
| A. Natural number less than 100000 <br> 2. Uses objects, diagrams or equations to represent a situation and conversely, describes a situation represented by objects, diagrams or equations (use of different meanings of addition and subtraction) <br> a. transformation (adding, taking away), uniting, comparing <br> b. composition of transformations positive, negative | Solve add \& subtract word problems | Solving addition \& subtraction problems |
| A. Natural number less than 100000 <br> 3. Uses objects, diagrams or equations to represent a situation and conversely, describes a situation represented by objects, diagrams or equations (use of different means of multiplication and division) <br> b. rectangular arrays, repeated addition, Cartesian product, area, volume, repeated subtraction, sharing, number of times $\times$ goes | Solve multiply \& divide word problems | Solving multiplication \& division problems |


| into y, and comparisons (using <br> objects, diagrams or equations) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. Natural number less than | Equality in operations |  <br> subtraction |
| 5. Determines numerical <br> equivalences using relationships <br> between <br> b. operations (the four operations), <br> the commutative property of <br> addition and multiplication and the <br> associative property |  | Equision <br>  |

### 1.3 Operations involving numbers

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers <br> 1. Approximates the result of a. an addition or subtraction involving natural numbers b. any of the four operations involving natural numbers | Estimate results of calculations | Estimating additions \& subtractions |
|  |  | Estimating by rounding when multiplying |
| A. Natural numbers <br> 2. Builds a repertoire of memorized addition and subtraction facts <br> b. Develops various strategies that promote mastery of number facts and relates them to the properties of addition <br> c. Masters all addition facts $(0+0$ to $10+10$ ) and the corresponding subtraction facts | Add \& subtract within$20$ | Addition \& subtraction facts within 20 |
|  |  | Adding using a number line |
|  |  | Adding using place value |
|  |  | Adding using a split strategy |
|  |  | Adding using rounding \& compensating |
|  |  | Choosing mixed addition strategies |
|  |  | Subtracting using a number line |
|  |  | Subtracting using place value |
|  |  | Subtracting using a split strategy |
|  |  | Subtracting using rounding \& compensating |
|  |  | Choosing mixed subtraction strategies |
|  | Multiply/divide: mental strategies | Multiplying using an area model |
|  |  | Multiplying using doubling |
|  |  | Dividing using halving |
|  |  | Choosing efficient multiplication strategies |
|  |  | Choosing efficient division strategies |


| A. Natural numbers <br> 4. Develops processes for written <br> computation (addition and <br> subtraction) <br> b. Uses conventional processes to <br> determine the sum of two natural <br> numbers of up to four digits <br> c. Uses conventional processes to <br> determine the difference between <br> two natural numbers of up to four <br> digits whose result is greater than 0 | Add/subtract: written <br> strategies | Addition of 3-digit \& 1-digit <br> numbers |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | Subtraction of up to 4-digit <br> numbers |  |
|  | Subtraction of two 4-digit <br> numbers with exchange |  |
| A. Natural numbers <br> 5. Determines the missing term in <br> an equation (relationships between | Relationships between <br> operations | Balance number sentences |
| operations) |  |  |

## 2 Geometry

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. Space <br> 2. Locates objects in a plane | Introduce the Cartesian <br> plane | Locating objects on a plane |
| A. Space <br> 4. Locates points in a Cartesian <br> plane <br> a. in the first quadrant <br> b. in all four quadrants | Locate points in a <br> Cartesian plane | Locating points in the first <br> quadrant |
| B. Solids <br> 1. Compares objects or parts of <br> objects in the environment with <br> solids | Compare solids with <br> objects | Identifying pyramids in the <br> environment |
| B. Solids <br> 8. Matches the net of <br> a. a prism to the corresponding <br> prism and vice versa <br> b. a pyramid to the corresponding <br> pyramid and vice versa | Identifying prisms in the <br> environment |  |
| D. Frieze patterns and tessellations <br> 2. Observes and produces patterns <br> using geometric figures | Observe patterns | Introducing nets of prisms <br> D. Frieze patterns and tessellations <br> 3. Observes and produces frieze <br> patterns and tessellations <br> a. using reflections |
| Explore reflections | pattern a rule for a shape |  |

## 3 Measurement

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Lengths <br> 4. Estimates and measures the dimensions of an object using conventional units <br> b. metre, decimetre, centimetre and millimetre | Estimate \& measure length | Reading lengths |
|  |  | Introducing mm |
| A. Lengths <br> 5. Establishes relationships between units of measure for length <br> a. metre, decimetre, centimetre and millimetre | Relationship between units of length | Comparing cm \& mm |
|  |  | Ordering lengths in mm \& cm |
|  |  | Selecting appropriate units of measure: $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{mm}$ |
| A. Lengths <br> 6. Calculates the perimeter of plane figures | Calculate perimeter | Calculating the perimeter of plane figures |
| D. Angles <br> 1. Compares angles | Measurement: angles | Comparing angles |
| E. Capacities <br> 2. Estimates and measures capacity using conventional units | Measurement: capacity | Reading \& measuring capacity |
| F. Masses <br> 2. Estimates and measures mass using conventional units | Measurement: mass | Estimating \& measuring mass |
| G. Time <br> 1. Estimates and measures time using conventional units | Estimate \& measure time | Telling time to the minute (analogue) |
|  |  | Telling time to the minute (digital) |
| G. Time <br> 2. Establishes relationships between units of measure | Relationship between units of time | Converting units of time |
| H. Temperature <br> 1. Estimates and measures temperature using conventional units | Measurement: temperature | Estimating \& measuring temperature |

## 4 Statistics

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Collects, describes and organizes data (classifies or categorizes) using tables | Collect, describe \& organize data | Collecting \& organizing data |
| 3. Interprets data using <br> b. a table, a bar graph, a pictograph and a broken-line graph | Interpret data | Using a bar graph |
|  |  | Using a pictograph |
|  |  | Using tables \& bar graphs |
|  |  | Using a line graph |
|  |  | Comparing \& reading graphs |

## 5 Probability

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. When applicable, recognizes <br> equiprobability | Recognize <br> equiprobability in data | Recognizing equiprobability |
| 3. When applicable, becomes <br> aware of the independence of <br> events in an experiment | Understand <br> independence of events | Understanding the <br> independence of events |
| 4. Experiments with activities <br> involving chance, using various <br> objects | Chance experiments | Introducing chance <br> experiments (unequal <br> outcomes) |
| 5. Predicts qualitatively an outcome <br> or several events using a <br> probability line, among other things <br> a. certain, possible or impossible <br> outcome <br> b. more likely, just as likely, less <br> likely event | Predict the outcome of <br> an event | Predicting the outcome of <br> events |
| 9. Compares qualitatively the <br> theoretical or experimental <br> probability of events | Compare probability of <br> events | Describing the probability of <br> events occurring |

## Grade 5

## 1 Arithmetic

### 1.1 Understanding and writing numbers

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 1. Counts or recites counting rhymes involving natural numbers b. counts forward or backward. c. skip counts (e.g. by twos) | Count numbers to $1000000$ | Counting to 1000000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000000 . 3. Reads and writes any natural number | Read \& write numbers to 1000000 | Reading \& writing numbers to 1000000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 4. Represents natural numbers in different ways or associates a number with a set of objects or drawings c. emphasis on place value in non-apparent, nonaccessible groupings, using materials for which groupings are symbolic | Represent numbers to 1000000 | Place value of numbers to 1000000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000000.5 . Composes and decomposes a natural number in a variety of ways (e.g. $123=100+$ $23,123=100+20+3,123=50+$ $50+20+3,123=2 \times 50+30-7$, $123=2 \times 60+3$ ) | Compose \& decompose numbers to 1000000 | Composing \& decomposing numbers to 1000000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 6. Identifies equivalent expressions (e.g. $52=40+12,25+$ $27=40+12,52=104 \div 2$ ) | Identify equivalent expressions | Working with equivalent expressions |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 7. Compares natural numbers | Compare numbers to $1000000$ | Comparing numbers to 1000000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 8. Arranges natural numbers in increasing or decreasing order | Order numbers to <br> 1000000 | Ordering numbers to 1000000 |


| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 11. Identifies properties of natural numbers a. odd or even numbers. b. square, prime or composite numbers | Identify properties of numbers | Identifying \& describing square numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000000.12 . Classifies natural numbers in various ways, based on their properties (e.g. even numbers, composite numbers) | Classify numbers to 1000000 | Understanding prime \& composite numbers |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 13. Approximates a collection, using objects or drawings (e.g. estimate, round up/down to a given value) | Approximate a collection to 1000000 | Rounding numbers to 1000000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 14. Represents the power of a natural number | Represent powers of numbers | Introducing square numbers |
|  |  | Introducing cube numbers |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 2. Represents a fraction in a variety of ways, based on a whole or a collection of objects | Represent fractions | Representing a fraction in different ways |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 6. Reads and writes a fraction | Read \& write fractions | Reading \& writing fractions |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 7. Compares a fraction to $0,1 / 2$ or 1 | Compare fractions | Comparing fractions using benchmarks |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 8. Verifies whether two fractions are equivalent | Equivalence of fractions | Recognizing equivalent fractions |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 9. Matches a decimal or percentage to a fraction | Match fractions | Matching decimals \& percentages to a fraction |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 10. Orders fractions with the same denominator | Order fractions - same denominator | Ordering fractions with the same denominator |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 11. Orders fractions where one denominator is a multiple of the other(s) | Order fractions related denominator | Ordering fractions with related denominators |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 12. Orders fractions with the same numerator | Order fractions - same numerator | Ordering fractions with the same numerator |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 13. Locates fractions on a number line | Locate fractions on a number line | Locating fractions on a number line |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 1. Represents decimals in a variety of ways (using objects or drawings) | Represent decimals to thousandths | Representing decimals to thousandths |


| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 3. <br> Reads and writes numbers written <br> in decimal notation | Read \& write decimals <br> to thousandths | Reading \& writing numbers to <br> thousandths |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 5. <br> Composes and decomposes a <br> decimal written in decimal notation | Compose \& decompose <br> decimals | Composing \& decomposing <br> decimals to thousandths |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 6. <br> Recognizes equivalent expressions <br> (e.g. 12 tenths is equivalent to 1 <br> unit and 2 tenths; 0.5 is equivalent <br> to 0.50) | Recognize equivalent <br> expressions | Recognizing equivalent <br> expressions to thousandths |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 9. <br> Approximates (e.g. estimates, <br> rounds to a given value, truncates <br> decimal places) | Approximate decimals | Rounding decimals to <br> thousandths |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 10. <br> Arranges decimals in increasing or <br> decreasing order | Order decimals | Ordering decimals to <br> thousandths |
| D. Integers. 1. Represents integers <br> in a variety of ways (using objects <br> or drawings) (e.g. tokens in two <br> different colours, number line, <br> thermometer, football field, <br> elevator, hot air balloon) | Represent integers | Representing integers |
| D. Integers. 2. Reads and writes <br> integers | Read \& write integers | Reading \& writing integers |
| D. Integers. 3. Locates integers on a <br> number line or Cartesian plane | Locate integers | Locating integers on number <br> lines |

### 1.2 Meaning of operations involving numbers

Outcome
A. Natural number less than 1000000 . 1. Determines the operation(s) to perform in a given situation

## Quests

Determine operations for word problems

Content
Determining operations for word problems

### 1.3 Operations involving numbers

## Outcome

A. Natural numbers. 1. Approximates the result of a. an addition or subtraction involving natural numbers. b. any of the four

## Quests

Approximate results of all operations

## Content

Approximating results when adding \& subtracting Approximating results when multiplying \& dividing

| operations involving natural numbers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers. 2. Builds a repertoire of memorized addition and subtraction facts b. Develops various strategies that promote mastery of number facts and relates them to the properties of addition. c. Masters all addition facts $(0+0$ to $10+10)$ and the corresponding subtraction facts | Apply addition \& subtraction facts to 10 | Applying basic addition \& subtraction facts to 10 |
| A. Natural numbers. 3. Develops processes for mental computation a. Uses his/her own processes to determine the sum or difference of two natural numbers. b. Uses his/her own processes to determine the product or quotient of two natural numbers | Use mental strategies to add \& subtract | Using mental strategies for addition \& subtraction |
|  | Use mental strategies to multiply | Using known facts strategies for multiplication |
|  |  | Using doubling strategies for multiplication |
|  |  | Using split method for multiplying |
|  |  | Using area method for multiplying |
|  | Use mental strategies to divide | Using place value strategies for division |
|  |  | Using known facts strategies for division |
|  |  | Using doubling \& halving to divide |
| A. Natural numbers. 4. Develops processes for written computation (addition and subtraction) b. Uses conventional processes to determine the sum of two natural numbers of up to four digits. c. Uses conventional processes to determine the difference between two natural numbers of up to four digits whose result is greater than 0 | Use written methods to add \& subtract | Using written methods for addition |
|  |  | Using written methods for subtraction |
| A. Natural numbers. 6. Builds a repertoire of memorized multiplication and division facts $b$. Develops various strategies that promote mastery of number facts and relate them to the properties of multiplication. c. Masters all multiplication facts ( $0 \times 0$ to $10 \times$ 10 ) and the corresponding division facts | Multiplication \& division facts to $10 \times 10$ | Recalling multiplication by 2 |
|  |  | Recalling multiplication by 3 |
|  |  | Recalling multiplication by 4 |
|  |  | Recalling multiplication by 5 |
|  |  | Recalling multiplication by 6 |
|  |  | Recalling multiplication by 7 |
|  |  | Recalling multiplication by 8 |
|  |  | Recalling multiplication by 9 |
|  |  | Recalling multiplication by 10 |
|  |  | Recalling division by 2 |
|  |  | Recalling division by 3 |
|  |  | Recalling division by 4 |
|  |  | Recalling division by 5 |



| A. Natural numbers. 14. Adds new terms to a series when the first three terms or more are given | Add new terms to a series | Adding new terms to a series |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 1. Generates a set of equivalent fractions | Generate equivalent fractions | Generating equivalent fractions |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 2. Reduces a fraction to its simplest form (lowest terms) | Reduce fractions to simplest form | Reducing a fraction to its simplest form |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 1. Generates a set of equivalent fractions | Generate equivalent fractions | Generating equivalent fractions |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 2. Reduces a fraction to its simplest form (lowest terms) | Reduce fractions to simplest form | Reducing a fraction to its simplest form |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 3. Adds and subtracts fractions when the denominator of one fraction is a multiple of the other fraction(s) | Add/sub fractions related denominators | Adding fractions with related denominators |
|  |  | Subtracting fractions with related denominators |
|  |  | Add \& subtract fractions with related denominators |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 4. Multiplies a natural number by a fraction | Multiply a natural number by a fraction | Multiplying a natural number by a fraction |
| C. Decimals. 1. Approximates the result of a. an addition or subtraction. b. a multiplication or division | Estimate - add/subtract decimals | Estimating addition \& subtraction of decimals |
| C. Decimals. 2. Develops processes for mental computation a. adds and subtracts decimals. b. performs operations involving decimals (multiplication, division by a natural number). c. multiplies and divides by $10,100,1000$ ) | Strategies to add \& subtract decimals | Adding decimals using mental strategies |
|  |  | Subtracting decimals using mental strategies |
|  | Strategies to multiply \& divide decimals | Multiplying decimals using mental strategies |
|  |  | Dividing decimals using mental strategies |
|  | Multiply decimals by $10,100 \& 1000$ | Multiplying decimals by 10 , $100 \& 1000$ |
|  | Divide decimals by 10 , 100 \& 1000 | Dividing decimals by 10,100 \& 1000 |
| C. Decimals. 3. Develops processes for written computation a. adds and subtracts decimals whose result does not go beyond the second decimal place. b. multiplies decimals whose product does not go beyond the second decimal place. c. divides a decimal by a natural number less than 11 | Multiply decimals to hundredths - formal | Multiplying decimals to hundredths - formal |
|  | Divide decimals to hundredths - formal | Dividing decimals to hundredths - formal |


| D. Using numbers. 1. Expresses a <br> decimal as a fraction, and vice <br> versa | Express decimals as <br> fractions | Expressing a decimal as a <br> fraction |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| D. Using numbers. 2. Expresses a <br> decimal as a percentage, and vice <br> versa | Express decimals as <br> percentages | Expressing a decimal as a <br> percentage |
| D. Using numbers. 3. Expresses a <br> fraction as a percentage, and vice <br> versa | Express fractions as <br> percentages | Expressing fractions as <br> percentages |

## 2 Geometry

### 2.1 Geometry

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. Space. 3. Locates objects on an <br> axis (based on the types of <br> numbers studied) | Locate objects on an <br> axis | Locating objects on an axis |
| A. Space. 4. Locates points in a <br> Cartesian plane b. in all four <br> quadrants | Locate points in a <br> Cartesian plane | Locating points in a Cartesian <br> plane - 4 quadrants |
| B. Solids. 5. Describes prisms and <br> pyramids in terms of faces, vertices <br> and edges |  <br> pyramids | Investigating properties of <br> prisms \& pyramids |
| B. Solids. 6 . Classifies prisms and <br> pyramids | Compare \& describe <br> prisms \& pyramids |  <br> naming prisms \& pyramids |
| B. Solids. 7. Constructs a net of a <br> prism or pyramid |  <br> pyramids with nets | Connecting prisms \& pyramids <br> with nets |
| B. Solids. 8. Matches the net of c. a <br> convex polyhedron to the <br> corresponding convex polyhedron | Nets convex <br> polyhedrons | Matching nets of convex <br> polyhedrons to objects |
| C. Plane figures. 5. Identifies and <br> constructs parallel lines and <br> perpendicular lines |  <br> perpendicular lines | Identify parallel/perpendicular <br> lines - 2D figures |
| C. Plane figures. . Classifies <br> quadrilaterals | Classify quadrilaterals | Classifying quadrilaterals |
| C. Plane figures. 9. Classifies <br> triangles | Classify triangles | Classifying triangles |
| C. Plane figures. 10. Describes <br> circles | Describe circles | Describing circles |
| D. Frieze patterns and tessellations. <br> 3. Observes and produces frieze <br> patterns and tessellations a. using <br> reflections. b. using translations |  <br> tessellations | Recognizing tessellations |

## 3 Measurement

### 3.1 Measurement

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Lengths. 4. Estimates and measures the dimensions of an object using conventional units $c$. metre, decimetre, centimetre, millimetre and kilometre | Measure length ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{cm}$, mm \& km) | Introducing the kilometre |
|  |  | Selecting appropriate units of length |
| A. Lengths. 5. Establishes relationships between units of measure for length $b$. metre, decimetre, centimetre, millimetre and kilometre | Relationship in length ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{mm} \& \mathrm{~km}$ ) | Comparing and ordering lengths |
| A. Lengths. 6. Calculates the perimeter of plane figures | Calculate perimeter | Calculate perimeter of polygons \& composite shapes |
| B. Surface areas. 1. Estimates and measures surface area b. using conventional units | Estimate \& measure area | Using formal units for area square cm \& square m |
|  |  | Estimating \& measuring area of rectangles |
|  |  | Estimate \& compare areas of non-rectilinear shapes |
| C. Volumes. 1. Estimates and measures volumes b. using conventional units | Estimate \& measure volume | Estimating \& measuring volume |
| D. Angles. 1. Compares angles | Compare angles | Comparing angles |
| D. Angles. 2. Estimates and determines the degree measurement of angles | Estimate \& measure angles | Estimating \& measuring angles |
| E. Capacities. 2. Estimates and measures capacity using conventional units | Estimate \& measure capacity | Estimate \& measure capacity conventional units |
| E. Capacities. 3. Estimates relationships between units of measure | Relationship between capacity units | Relationships between units to measure capacity |
| F. Masses. 2. Estimates and measures mass using conventional units | Estimate \& measure mass | Estimate \& measure mass using conventional units |
| F. Masses. 3. Establishes relationships between units of measure | Relationship between mass units | Relationships between units to measure mass |
| G. Time. 1. Estimates and measures time using conventional units | Estimate \& measure time | Estimating \& measuring time |
| G. Time. 2. Establishes relationships between units of measure | Convert between units of time | Converting between units of time |


| H. Temperature. 1. Estimates and <br> measures temperature using <br> conventional units | Estimate \& measure <br> temperature | Estimating \& measuring <br> temperature |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## 4 Statistics

### 4.1 Statistics

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. Interprets data using c. a table, a bar graph, a pictograph, a brokenline graph and a circle graph | Interpret data | Interpreting data using tables |
|  |  | Interpreting data using bar graphs |
|  |  | Interpreting data using broken-line graphs |
|  |  | Interpreting data using circle graphs |
| 5. Understands and calculates the arithmetic mean | Understand \& calculate arithmetic mean | Understanding \& calculating arithmetic mean |

## 5 Probability

### 5.1 Probability

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. When applicable, recognizes <br> variability in possible outcomes <br> (uncertainty) | Recognize variability | Recognizing variability in <br> possible outcomes |
| 2. When applicable, recognizes <br> equiprobability | Recognize <br> equiprobability | Recognizing equiprobability |
| 5. Predicts qualitatively an outcome <br> or several events using a <br> probability line, among other things. <br> a. certain, possible or impossible <br> outcome b. more likely, just as likely, <br> less likely event | Predict an outcome | Predicting an outcome |
| 8. Enumerates possible outcomes of <br> b. a random experiment, using <br> tables, a tree diagram | Possible outcomes of <br> random experiment | Listing possible outcomes - <br> tables \& tree diagrams |
| 10. Recognizes that a probability is <br> always between 0 and 1 | Recognize probability <br> is between 0 \& 1 | Recognizing probability is <br> between 0 \& 1 |
| 11. Uses fractions, decimals or <br> percentages to quantify a <br> probability | Use fractions, decimals <br> or percentages | Using fractions, decimals or <br> percentages |
| 12. Compares the outcomes of a <br> random experiment with known <br> theoretical probabilities | Compare <br> outcomes/theoretical <br> probability | Comparing outcomes with <br> theoretical probabilities |
| 13. Simulates random experiments <br> with or without the use of <br> technology | Conduct random <br> experiments <br> (technology) | Conducting random <br> experiments using technology |

## Grade 6

## 1 Arithmetic

### 1.1 Understanding and writing numbers

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 1. Counts or recites counting rhymes involving natural numbers b. counts forward or backward. c. skip counts (e.g. by twos) | Count numbers to $1000000$ | Counting to 1000000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000000 . 3. Reads and writes any natural number | Read \& write numbers to 1000000 | Reading \& writing numbers to $1000000$ |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 4. Represents natural numbers in different ways or associates a number with a set of objects or drawings c. emphasis on place value in non-apparent, nonaccessible groupings, using materials for which groupings are symbolic | Represent numbers to 1000000 | Place value of numbers to 1000000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000000.5 . Composes and decomposes a natural number in a variety of ways (e.g. $\begin{aligned} & 123=100+23,123=100+20+3, \\ & 123=50+50+20+3,123=2 \times \\ & 50+30-7 \\ & 123=2 \times 60+3) \end{aligned}$ | Compose/decompose numbers to 1000000 | Composing \& decomposing numbers to 1000000 |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 6. Identifies equivalent expressions (e.g. $52=40+12,25+$ $27=40+12,52=104 \div 2$ ) | Identify equivalent expressions | Identifying equivalent expressions |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000000.7 . Compares natural numbers | Compare numbers to $1000000$ | Comparing numbers to $1000000$ |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 8. Arranges natural numbers in increasing or decreasing order | Order numbers to $1000000$ | Ordering numbers to 1000000 |


| A. Natural numbers less than 1000000.12 . Classifies natural numbers in various ways, based on their properties (e.g. even numbers, composite numbers) | Classify numbers by properties | Understanding prime \& composite numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers less than 1000 000. 13. Approximates a collection, using objects or drawings (e.g. estimate, round up/down to a given value) | Approximate a collection to 1000000 | Rounding numbers to 1000000 |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 2. Represents a fraction in a variety of ways, based on a whole or a collection of objects | Represent fractions | Representing a fraction in different ways |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 4. Identifies the different meanings of fractions (sharing, division, ratio) | Understand meaning of fractions | Identifying fractions as division |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 8. Verifies whether two fractions are equivalent | Recognize equivalent fractions | Recognizing equivalent fractions |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 9. Matches a decimal or percentage to a fraction | Matching decimals | Matching decimals \& percentages to a fraction |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 11. Orders fractions where one denominator is a multiple of the other(s) | Order fractions: related denominators | Ordering fractions with related denominators |
| B. Fractions (using objects or drawings). 12. Orders fractions with the same numerator | Order fractions: same numerator | Ordering fractions with the same numerator |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 3. Reads and writes numbers written in decimal notation | Read \& write decimals to thousandths | Reading \& writing numbers to thousandths |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 5 . Composes and decomposes a decimal written in decimal notation | Compose/decompose decimals | Composing \& decomposing decimals to thousandths |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 6 . Recognizes equivalent expressions (e.g. 12 tenths is equivalent to 1 unit and 2 tenths; 0.5 is equivalent to 0.50) | Recognize equivalent expressions | Recognizing equivalent expressions to thousandths |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 7 . Locates decimals on a number line a. between two consecutive natural numbers. b. between two decimals | Locate decimals on a number line | Locating decimals on a number line |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 9 . Approximates (e.g. estimates, rounds to a given value, truncates decimal places) | Approximate decimals | Rounding decimals to thousandths |


| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 10. <br> Arranges decimals in increasing or <br> decreasing order | Order decimals to <br> thousandths | Ordering decimals to <br> thousandths |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C. Decimals up to thousandths. 11. <br> Matches. a. a fraction to its decimal. <br> b. a fraction or percentage to its <br> decimal | Match decimals | Relationship-decimals, <br> fractions \& percentages |
| D. Integers. 1. Represents integers <br> in a variety of ways (using objects <br> or drawings) (e.g. tokens in two <br> different colours, number line, <br> thermometer, football field, <br> elevator, hot air balloon) | Represent integers | Representing integers |
| D. Integers. 2. Reads and writes <br> integers | Read \& write integers | Reading \& writing integers |

### 1.2 Meaning of operations involving numbers

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. Natural number less than <br> 1000 000. 1. Determines the <br> operation(s) to perform in a given <br> situation | Determine operations <br> to use | Determining operations to use <br> in a word problem |
| A. Natural number less than <br> 1000 000. 4. Establishes equality <br> relations between numerical <br> expressions | Equality between <br> numerical expressions | Establishing equality between <br> expressions |

### 1.3 Operations involving numbers

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers. 1. <br> Approximates the result of $a$. an addition or subtraction involving natural numbers. b. any of the four operations involving natural numbers | Approximate results of all operations | Approximating results when adding \& subtracting |
|  |  | Approximating results when multiplying \& dividing |
| A. Natural numbers. 3. Develops processes for mental computation a. Uses his/her own processes to determine the sum or difference of two natural numbers. b. Uses his/her own processes to determine the product or quotient of two natural numbers | Mental strategies - add \& subtract | Using mental strategies for addition \& subtraction |
|  | Mental strategies multiply \& divide | Using mental computation strategies to multiply |
|  |  | Using mental computation strategies to divide |


| A. Natural numbers. 4. Develops processes for written computation (addition and subtraction) b. Uses conventional processes to determine the sum of two natural numbers of up to four digits. c. Uses conventional processes to determine the difference between two natural numbers of up to four digits whose result is greater than 0 | Solve word problems add \& subtract | Solving word problems addition \& subtraction |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Natural numbers. 6. Builds a repertoire of memorized multiplication and division facts $b$. Develops various strategies that promote mastery of number facts and relate them to the properties of multiplication. c. Masters all multiplication facts ( $0 \times 0$ to $10 \times$ 10 ) and the corresponding division facts | Use multiplication facts to $10 \times 10$ | Mastering multiplication facts to $10 \times 10$ |
| A. Natural numbers. 7. Develops processes for written computation | Use written methods multiply \& divide | Using written methods for multiplication |
| (multiplication and division) b. Uses conventional processes to determine the product of a threedigit natural number and a twodigit natural number c. Uses conventional processes to determine the quotient of a fourdigit natural number and a twodigit natural number, expresses the remainder of a division as a decimal that does not go beyond the second decimal place |  | Using written methods for division |
| A. Natural numbers. 8. Determines the missing term in an equation (relationships between operations): $a \times b=a, a \times \square=c, a \times b=c, a \div b=$ $a, a \div a=c, a \div b=c$ | Determine missing terms in equations | Determining missing terms in 1 -step equations |
| A. Natural numbers. 9. Decomposes a number into prime factors | Decompose a number into prime factors | Decomposing a number into prime factors |
| A. Natural numbers. 10. Calculates the power of a number | Calculate power of a number | Calculating the power of a number |
| A. Natural numbers. 11. Determines the divisibility of a number by 2,3 ,$4,5,6,8,9,10$ | Determine divisibility of a number | Determining the divisibility of the number 2 |
|  |  | Determining the divisibility of the number 3 |
|  |  | Determining the divisibility of the number 4 |
|  |  | Determining the divisibility of the number 5 |


|  |  | Determining the divisibility of the number 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Determining the divisibility of the number 8 |
|  |  | Determining the divisibility of the number 9 |
| A. Natural numbers. 12. Performs a series of operations in accordance with the order of operations | Order of operations with whole numbers | Order of operations, 4 operations |
|  |  | Order of operations, grouping symbols |
|  |  | Applying order of operations to real-life contexts |
| A. Natural numbers. 14. Adds new terms to a series when the first three terms or more are given | Add new terms to a series | Adding new terms when adding \& subtracting |
|  |  | Adding new terms when multiplying \& dividing |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 1. Generates a set of equivalent fractions | Generate equivalent fractions | Generating equivalent fractions |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 2. Reduces a fraction to its simplest form (lowest terms) | Reduce fractions to simplest form | Reducing fractions to their simplest form |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 3. Adds and subtracts fractions when the denominator of one fraction is a multiple of the other fraction(s) | Work with fractions related denominators | Adding fractions with related denominators |
|  |  | Subtracting fractions with related denominators |
|  |  | Add \& subtract fractions with related denominators |
| B. Fractions (using objects or diagrams). 4. Multiplies a natural number by a fraction | Multiply natural numbers by fractions | Multiplying natural numbers by fractions |
| C. Decimals. 2. Develops processes for mental computation a. adds and subtracts decimals. b. performs operations involving decimals (multiplication, division by a natural number). c. multiplies and divides by $10,100,1000$ ) | Mental strategies with decimals | Adding decimals using mental strategies |
|  |  | Subtracting decimals using mental strategies |
|  |  | Multiplying decimals using mental strategies |
|  |  | Dividing decimals using mental strategies |
|  |  | Multiplying decimals by 10 , $100 \& 1000$ |
|  |  | Dividing decimals by 10,100 \& 1000 |
| C. Decimals. 3. Develops processes for written computation a. adds and subtracts decimals whose result does not go beyond the second decimal place. b. multiplies decimals whose product does not go beyond the second decimal | Written strategies with decimals | Multiplying decimals - written strategy |
|  |  | Dividing decimals - written strategy |


| place. c. divides a decimal by a <br> natural number less than 11 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| D. Using Numbers. 1. Expresses a <br> decimal as a fraction, and vice <br> versa | Express decimals as <br> fractions | Expressing decimals as <br> fractions |
| D. Using Numbers. 2. Expresses a <br> decimal as a percentage, and vice <br> versa | Express decimals as <br> percentages | Expressing decimals as <br> percentages |
| D. Using Numbers. 3. Expresses a <br> fraction as a percentage, and vice <br> versa | Express fractions as a <br> percentage | Expressing fractions as <br> percentages |

## 2 Geometry

### 2.1 Geometry

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. Space. 3. Locates objects on an <br> axis (based on the types of <br> numbers studied) | Locate objects on an <br> axis | Locating objects on an axis |
| A. Space. 4. Locates points in a <br> Cartesian plane b. in all four <br> quadrants | Locate points in a <br> Cartesian plane | Locating points in a Cartesian <br> plane - 4 quadrants |
| B. Solids. 5. Describes prisms and <br> pyramids in terms of faces, vertices <br> and edges | Investigate properties <br> prisms \& pyramids | Investigating properties of <br> prisms \& pyramids |
| B. Solids. . Classifies prisms and <br> pyramids | Compare \& describe <br> prisms \& pyramids |  <br> naming prisms \& pyramids |
| B. Solids. 7. Constructs a net of a <br> prism or pyramid |  <br> pyramids with nets | Connecting prisms \& pyramids <br> with nets |
| B. Solids. 8. Matches the net of c. a <br> convex polyhedron to the <br> corresponding convex polyhedron | Nets of convex <br> polyhedrons | Matching nets of convex <br> polyhedrons to objects |
| C. Plane figures. 5. Identifies and <br> constructs parallel lines and <br> perpendicular lines |  <br> perpendicular lines |  <br> perpendicular lines |
| C. Plane figures. 7. Classifies <br> quadrilaterals | Classify quadrilaterals | Classifying quadrilaterals |
| C. Plane figures. 9. Classifies <br> triangles | Classify triangles | Classifying triangles |
| C. Plane figures. 10. Describes <br> circles | Describe circles | Describing circles |
| D. Frieze patterns and tessellations. <br> 3. Observes and produces frieze <br> patterns and tessellations a. using <br> reflections. b. using translations |  <br> tessellations | Recognizing \& creating <br> tessellations |

## 3 Measurement

### 3.1 Measurement

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. Lengths. 4. Estimates and <br> measures the dimensions of an <br> object using conventional units c. <br> metre, decimetre, centimetre, <br> millimetre and kilometre | Measure length ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{cm}$, <br> mm \& km) |  |
| Estimating \& measuring length <br> r. Lengths. 5. Establishes <br> relanships between units of <br> measure for length b. metre, <br> decimetre, centimetre, millimetre <br> and kilometre | Recording lengths - mixed <br> units \& decimal notation |  |
| B. Surface areas. 1. Estimates and <br> measures surface area b. using <br> conventional units | Work <br> area | with formula for <br> length |
| C. Volumes. 1. Estimates and <br> measures volumes b. using <br> conventional units | Estimate \& measure <br> volume | Working with multiplicative <br> formula for area |
| D. Angles. 1. Compares angles | Compare angles | volume |

## 4 Statistics

### 4.1 Statistics

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3. Interprets data using c. a table, a <br> bar graph, a pictograph, a broken- <br> line graph and a circle graph | Interpret data | Interpreting data using tables |
|  |  | Interpreting data using bar <br> graphs |
|  | Interpreting data using <br> broken-line graphs |  |
| Interpreting data using circle <br> graphs |  |  |
| 5. Understands and calculates the <br> arithmetic mean | Calculate arithmetic <br> mean | Calculating arithmetic mean |

## 5 Probability

### 5.1 Probability

| Outcome | Quests | Content |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. When applicable, recognizes <br> variability in possible outcomes <br> (uncertainty) | Recognize variability | Recognizing variability in <br> possible outcomes |
| 2. When applicable, recognizes <br> equiprobability | Recognize <br> equiprobability | Recognizing equiprobability |
| 5. Predicts qualitatively an outcome <br> or several events using a <br> probability line, among other things. <br> a. certain, possible or impossible <br> outcome b. more likely, just as likely, <br> less likely event | Predict an outcome | Predicting an outcome |
| 8. Enumerates possible outcomes of <br> b. a random experiment, using <br> tables, a tree diagram | Possible outcomes of <br> random experiment | Listing possible outcomes - <br> tables \& tree diagrams |
| 10. Recognizes that a probability is <br> always between 0 and 1 | Recognize probability <br> is between 0 \& 1 | Recognizing probability is <br> between 0 \& 1 |
| 11. Uses fractions, decimals or <br> percentages to quantify a <br> probability | Use fractions, decimals <br> or percentages | Using fractions, decimals or <br> percentages |
| 12. Compares the outcomes of a <br> random experiment with known <br> theoretical probabilities | Compare <br> outcomes/theoretical <br> probability | Comparing outcomes with <br> theoretical probabilities |
| 13. Simulates random experiments <br> with or without the use of <br> technology | Conduct random <br> experiments <br> (technology) | Conducting random <br> experiments using technology |

## Mathletics

For more information about Mathletics, contact our friendly team.

## www.mathletics.com/contact

