Mathletics White Rose Maths (WRM) Autumn Scheme of Learning, 2017 Alignment with Mathletics

Te	ear 2 - Tearly Overview									
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Autumn	Number: Place value		Number: Addition and Subtractio			ion		rement: ney		
pring		nber: lication	Stati	stics	Geome	try: Prope	erties of	Num	ber: Frac	tions

Shape

Measurement: Time

Veer 2 Veerly Overview

This alignment document has been based on the White Rose Maths Hub scheme of learning available on the TES website.

Problem

solving and

efficient

methods

www.tes.com/teaching-resource/wrm-schemes-of-learningyears-1-to-6-block-1-place-value-11652624



Week 12

Consolidation

Number:

Multiplication and Division

Investigations

Measurement: length and height

Measurement: Mass,

Capacity and

Temperature





å

Summe

and Division

Position and direction

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Alignment with Mathletics

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Purpose:

The aim of this document is to support Mathletics teachers, who use the WRMH scheme of learning, to make full use of the resources available within Mathletics. Whenever possible, activities, pages from the eBooks or learning experiences on Rainforest Maths have been matched to each of the small steps on the WRMH scheme of learning.

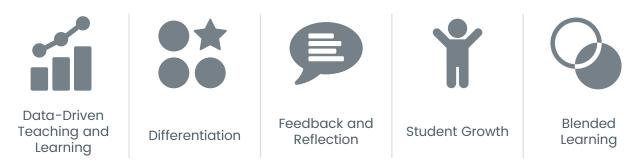
In Mathletics, many eBooks are available in the student interface, however all eBooks are available to teachers through the teacher console. These topic-based eBooks contain practice and fluency exercises, along with application questions and games. Only a small selection of the relevant pages has been added to the document.

Links to Rainforest Maths, which can be found in the 'Play' area in the Mathletics student interface, have also been included as this resource has great visuals which work well on interactive whiteboards and give pupils further opportunities to practise their learning online.

Course selection:

A specific Mathletics course has been created in alignment with the WRMH scheme of learning. You may wish to set this course for your class/groups. When assigning activities with calculations that do not have spaces for recording any regroupings, consider getting pupils to record the calculation in their Maths books, then answer the question on Mathletics. Encourage students to use the strategies they are being taught in class and to use manipulatives if needed.

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Alignment with Mathletics

Examples of alignment to Mathletics Weeks 1-3 Number: Place Value

National Curriculum Objectives	WRMH Small Steps
 Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones). Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line. Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs. Use place value and number facts to solve problems. Count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward. 	 Count objects to 100 and read and write numbers in numerals and words Represent numbers to 100 Tens and ones with a part whole model Tens and ones using addition Use a place value chart Compare objects Compare numbers Order objects and numbers Count in 2s, 5s and 10s Count in 3s

Small step: Count objects to 100

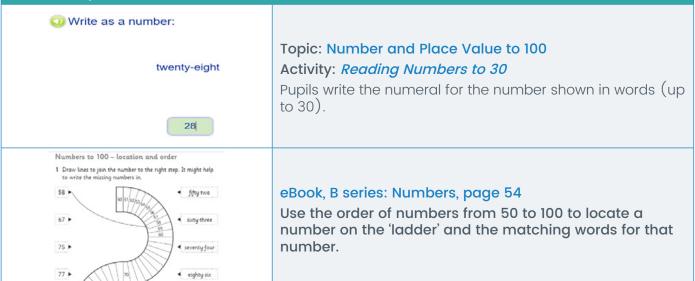


Rainforest Maths – Level B – Number – How many frogs?

Shows frogs, blocks or counters, arranged in tens and ones. Pupils count the objects and select the correct number.

Mathletics

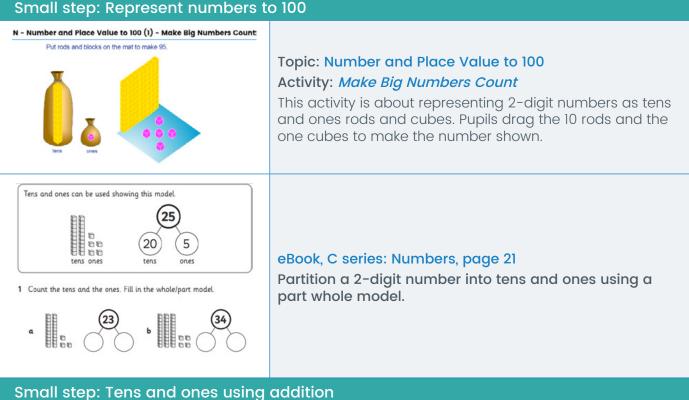
Small step: Read and write numbers in numerals and words

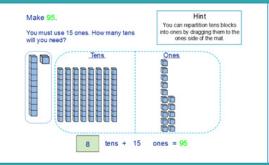


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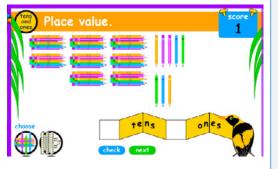




Topic: Number and Place Value to 100 Activity: Repartition Two-digit Numbers

Easier questions require the partitioning of numbers into tens and ones; medium and harder level questions involve the partitioning of numbers in non-standard ways eg, 74 repartitioned as 6 tens and 14 ones. Pupils are able to drag a tens rod into the ones column and see the rod split into 10 ones.

Small step: Use a place value chart



Rainforest Maths – Level B – Place Value

Interpret the place value model, enter the number of tens and ones into a place value chart and click check. The chart then folds to show the 2-digit number.

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 Compare objects Compare numbers 	
N - Number and Place Value to 100 (1) - Compare	 Topic: Number and Place Value to 100 Activity: Compare Numbers to 100 Pupils compare 2-digit numbers represented in both numerals and place value blocks. They use greater than and less than symbols to compare. Similar Activity: Compare Numbers to 50 Pupils compare 2-digit numbers represented in both numerals and place value blocks. They use greater than and less than symbols to compare.
 4 What could the mystery numbers be? a I am less than 70. b I am less than 95. I am more than 65. I could be I could be c I am less than 30 d I am less than 100. I am more than 20. I am more than 80 I have a 9 in me. I am I could be 	eBook, B series: Teachers Book, Assessment – Numbers to 100, page 17 Read the comparative descriptions to find the possibilities for the mystery numbers.
Arrange in order.	Topic: Number and Place Value to 100 Activity: Arranging Numbers Pupils compare two numbers within 100 to decide which is smallest and which is biggest.
Small step: Order objects and n	umbers
Place the point on the number line to show the number: 26.	Topic: Number and Place Value to 100 Activity: Number Lines In this adaptive activity, the first level has each number labelled on the number line, but then moves to labelling every multiple of 2 and then multiple of 5. This requires the pupils to use their understanding of the order of numbers place the point on the number line.
Place these numbers in order on the number line.	
43 44 45 46 47	Topic: Number and Place Value to 100 Activity: <i>Number Line Order</i> Pupils place 2-digit numbers in order on a number line from smallest to largest.

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Small step: Count in 2s, 5s and 1	
1 of 10 N - Number and Place Value Counting - Count by Twos What is the missing number? 13, 15, 17, 21 +2 +2 +2 +2 13, 15, 17, 19, 21 Skip count by twos.	Topic: Number and Place Value to 100 Activity: <i>Count by Twos</i> Pupils count on in 2s from various starting numbers, to identify the missing number. Similar activities: <i>Count by Fives</i> <i>Count by Tens</i>
1 of 10 N - Number and Place Value Counting - Count by 2s, 5s and 10s O Count forward by 2s to complete the number line. 2 4 8 12 14 16 10 6	Topic: Number and Place Value to 100 Activity: <i>Count by 2s, 5s and 10s</i> This activity shows some numbers on a number line and asks pupils to count in 2s, 5s and 10s in order to enter the missing numbers. Counts both forward and backward.
Complete the pattern. 60 50 40 30 20 10 1 2 3 4 6 0 7 8 0 100 11 12 13 14 15 10 17 18 19 20 21 22 27 24 25 24 27 28 28 30 31 22 33 34 55 30 37 30 38 40 61 22 65 64 65 66 67 66 60 70 71 72 77 75 76 76 70 77 C	Topic: Number and Place Value to 100 Activity: <i>Counting on a 100 Grid</i> This activity uses a hundred square to support pupils in recognising counting patterns. Pupils can click to shade the numbers on the grid as they count. Once an answer is entered, the correct pattern is shaded on the grid. The counting patterns are not restricted to multiples of 2, 5 or 10.
Butterfly count by 5s.	Rainforest Maths — Level B — Counting in 2s, 5s and 10s The visual model allows you to add or subtract groups t practise counting in 2s, 5s or 10s.
Patterns 5s forwards. score Clear Clear Clear Store Store Store Store Store	Rainforest Maths — Level B — Patterns — 2s, 5s and 10s Illustrates the pattern when counting in 5s or 10s on a number line and for 2s on a hundred square.

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Alignment with Mathletics

Examples of alignment to Mathletics Weeks 4-8 Number: Addition and Subtraction

National Curriculum Objectives	WRMH Small Steps
 Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100. Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones; a two-digit number and tens; two two-digit numbers; adding three one-digit numbers. Show that the addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. 	 Fact families - Addition and subtraction bonds to 20 Check calculations Compare number sentences Related facts Bonds to 100 (tens) Add and subtract 1s 10 more and 10 less Add and subtract 10s Add a 2-digit and 1-digit number - crossing ten Subtract a 1-digit number from a 2-digit number - crossing ten Add two 2-digit numbers - not crossing ten - add ones and add tens Subtract a 2-digit number from a 2-digit number - add ones and add tens Subtract a 2-digit number from a 2-digit number - not crossing ten - add ones and add tens Subtract a 2-digit number from a 2-digit number - not crossing ten Subtract a 2-digit number from a 2-digit number - not crossing ten Subtract a 100 (tens and ones) Add three 1-digit numbers

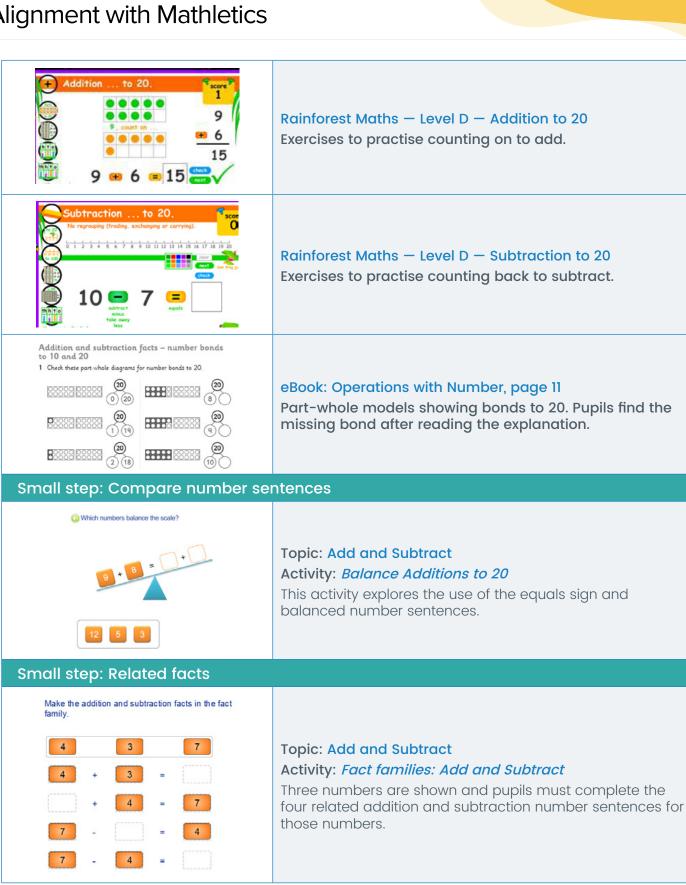
Small step: Fact families – Addition and subtraction bonds to 20

Live Mathletics	Live Mathletics: Level 2 In 1-minute bursts, pupils can practise addition and subtraction facts to 20. Develops fluency and accurate recall.
▲ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 6 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 10 19 20	
	Topic: Add and Subtract
20 - 2 =	Activity: All about Twenty
* 6 i 2 i 4 i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	This activity provides addition and subtraction problems with bonds to 20, represented on a number line.
○ 12 + = 20	

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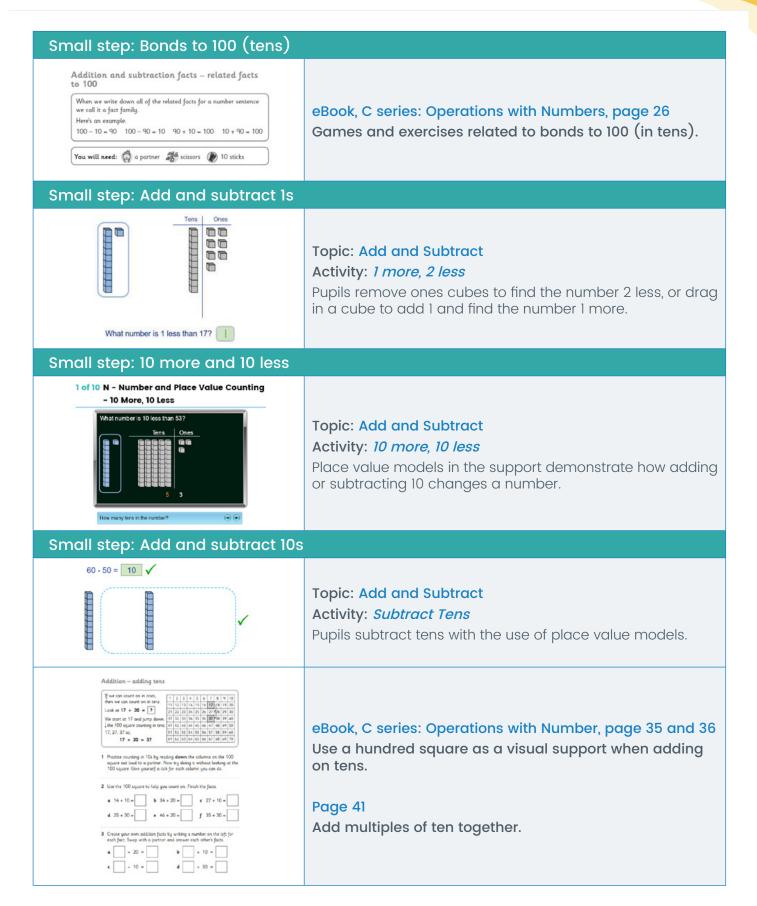
Alignment with Mathletics



Mathletics

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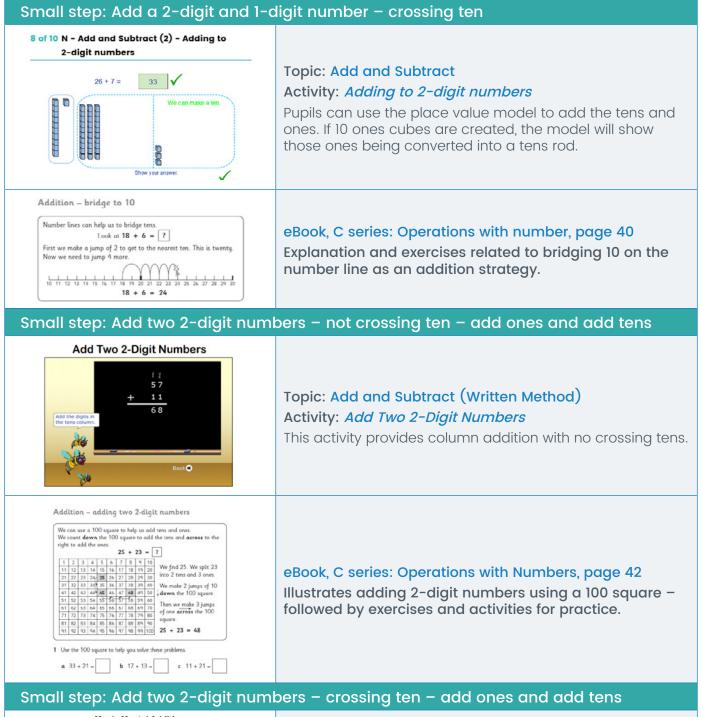




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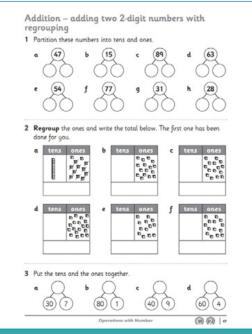
Topic: Add and Subtract Activity: *Magic Mental Addition*

Addition of two 2-digit numbers using place value. Partition the second number into tens and ones and add to the first number using the number line.

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Alignment with Mathletics

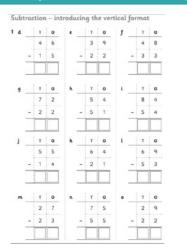




eBook, C series: Operations with Numbers, page 46 and 47

Use place value partitioning to begin to add two 2-digit numbers with regrouping.

Small steps: Subtract a 2-digit number from a 2-digit number - not crossing ten



eBook, C series: Operations with Numbers, page 65 Introduction to subtracting 2-digit numbers using the vertical format (no exchanges).

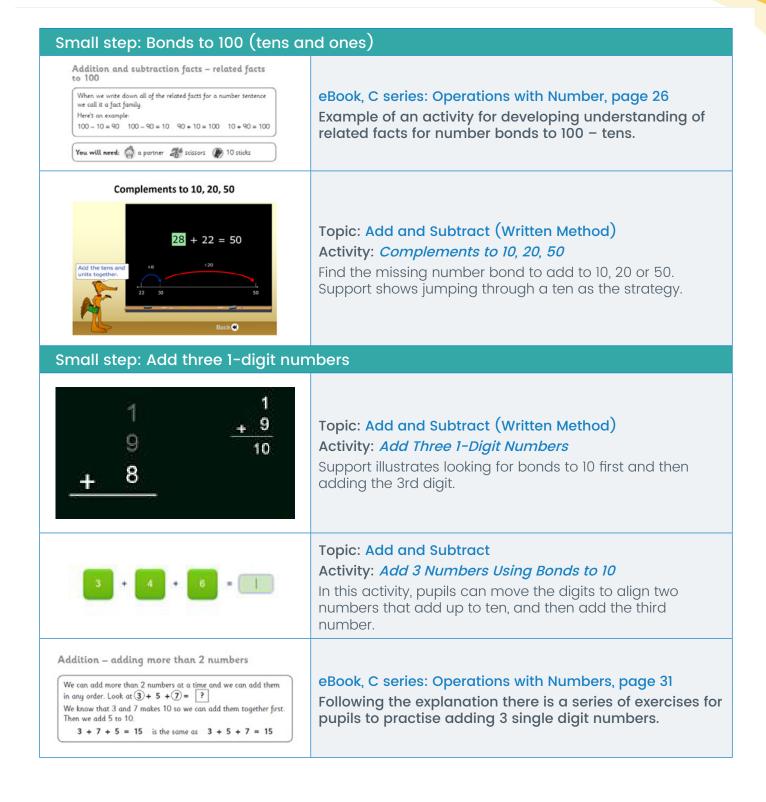
Small step: Subtract a 2-digit number from a 2-digit number – crossing ten – subtract ones and tens



Topic: Add and Subtract Activity: *Repartition to Subtract* This activity models partitioning to support subtraction when crossing the 10s boundary.

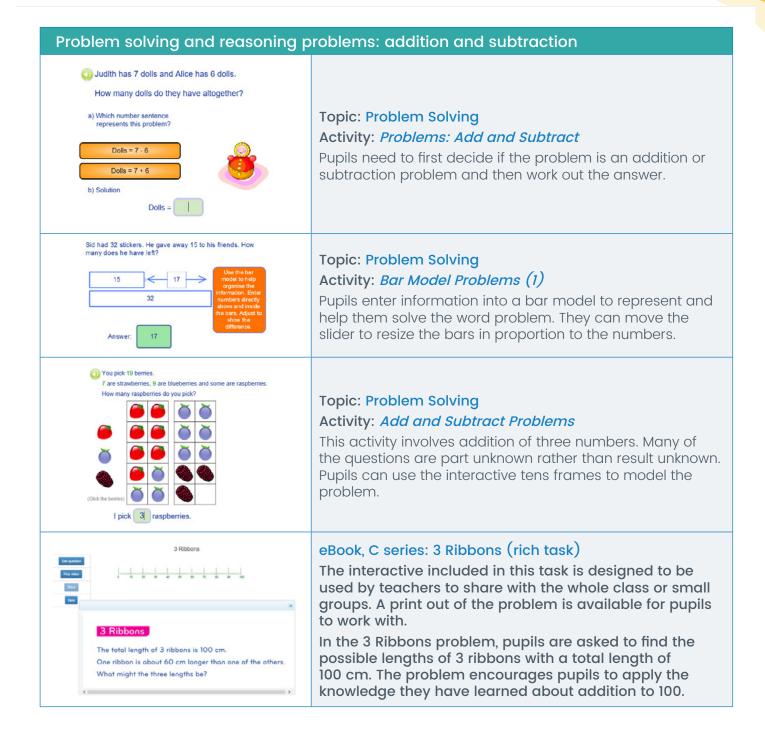
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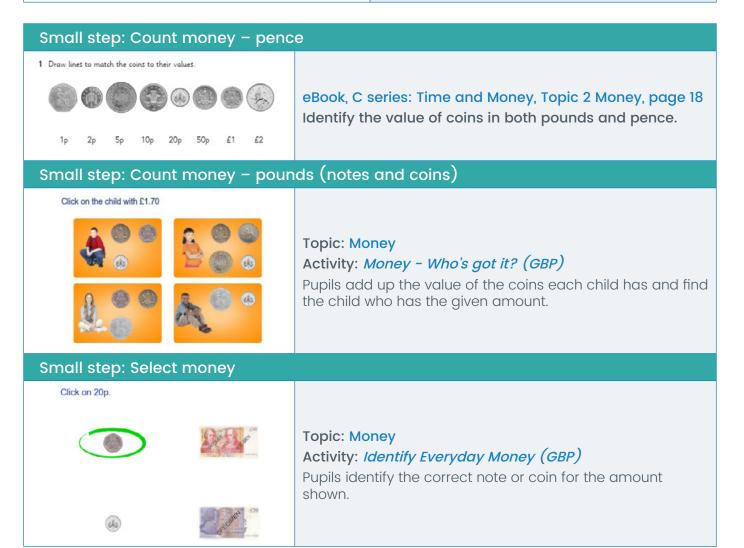
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Alignment with Mathletics

Examples of alignment to Mathletics Week 9-10 Measurement: Money

National Curriculum Objectives	WRMH Small Steps
 Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value. Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change. 	 Count money - pence Count money - pounds (notes and coins) Count money - notes and coins Select money Make the same amount Compare money Find the total Find the difference Find change Two-step problems



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Small step: Find change	
How much change?	
£20 - £6 = £	Topic: Money Activity: <i>How much Change? (GBP)</i> Pupils are asked to find the change in pounds (whole numbers only).
Money - change A cake costs £2.60. We pay with a £5.00 note. How much change should we receive? We can count on to find out. First we count the pence on to the nearest pound. We start at 60p and make 4 jumps of 10p to 100p. We have jumped 40p and we are now at £3.00. <u>0p 10p 20p 30p 40p 50p 60p 70p 80p 90p 100p</u> Then we count the pounds on to £5.00.	eBook, C series: Time and Money, Topic 2, page 33 Find the change in pounds and pence using a number line and a strategy of counting on to the total from the given amount.
We make 2 jumps. 40p + £2.00 = £2.40 We should receive £2.40 chance	

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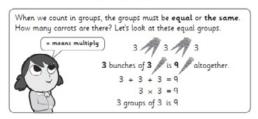
Alignment with Mathletics

Examples of alignment to Mathletics Week 11-12 Multiplication and Division

National Curriculum Objectives	WRMH Small Steps
 Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers. Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) sign. Solve problems involving multiplication and division using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. 	 Recognise equal groups Make equal groups Add equal groups Multiplication sentences using the × symbol Multiplication sentences from pictures Use arrays 2 times-table 5 times-table 10 times-table

Small step: Recognise equal groups

Multiplication – equal groups

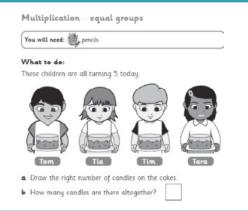


eBook, C series: Operations with Numbers, page 81 Explanation and exercises related to creating equal

groups and then using equal groups to answer multiplication questions.

Mathletics

Small step: Make equal groups



eBook, B series: Operations with Numbers, page 93 Pupils create equal groups and use their drawings to help solve multiplication problems.

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Small step: Multiplication sentences from pictures				
A bow holds 3 fish. If there are 4 bowls, how many fish are there? Model your thinking and finish the number sentence.	Topic: Multiply and Divide Activity: <i>Multiplication Problems 1</i> Pupils group the objects to reflect the multiplication problem and use this to write the corresponding number sentence.			
Small step: Use arrays				
5 rows of 6 = 30	Topic: Multiply and Divide Activity: <i>Multiplication Arrays</i> This activity models multiplication as arrays. Pupils record the amount of objects in each row and how many rows before recording the total.			
Use the array to help finish the fact. Hint Click the rows to reveal the array. 7 x 6 = 42	Topic: Multiply and Divide Activity: <i>Arrays 1</i> Pupils click on the rows to reveal the objects in the rows and create the array. This array is then used to find and solve the number sentence.			
Use this fact to help you work out the new fact. $10 \times 2 = 20 \checkmark$ so $10 \times 4 = 40$	Topic: Multiply and Divide Activity: <i>Arrays 2</i> Pupils solve a multiplication problem using an array. They are then shown a related array and problem. They are encouraged to use the answer to the first problem to find the answer to the second problem.			
What two multiplication facts does this model show? Hint Cick the model to tan a econd $7 \times 10 = 70$ $10 \times 7 = 70$	Topic: Multiply and Divide Activity: <i>Multiplication Turnarounds</i> Pupils click on the array and are able to see the array rotate a quarter turn to show the related array. They record the multiplication for both arrays — seeing the relationship between the calculations.			

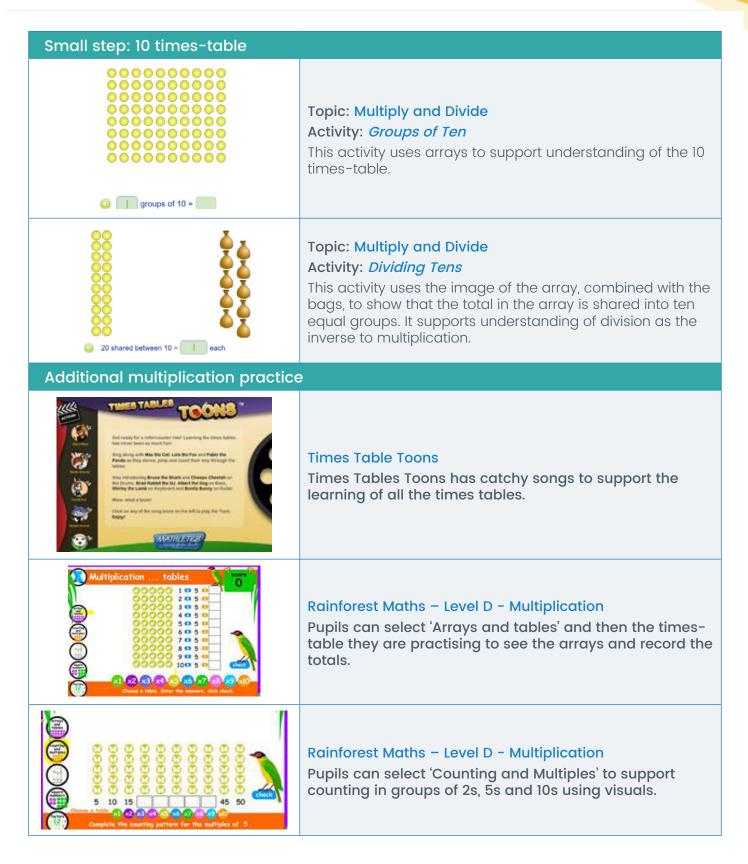
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Multiplication. 6 2 00 Proves of 6 equals 12 Enter numbers in the bases mere	Rainforest Maths — Level B — Multiplication Uses arrays to model multiplication.
Small step: 2 times-table	
 16 shared between 2 = each 	Topic: Multiply and Divide Activity: <i>Dividing Twos</i> This activity uses the image of the array, combined with the bags, to show that the total in the array is shared into two equal groups. It supports understanding of division as the inverse to multiplication.
8 groups of 2 = 16 🗸	Topic: Multiply and Divide Activity: <i>Groups of Two</i> This activity uses arrays to support understanding of the 2 times-table.
Small step: 5 times-table	
6 groups of 5 = 30	Topic: Multiply and Divide Activity: <i>Groups of Five</i> This activity uses arrays to support understanding of the 5 times-table.
 15 shared between 5 = each 	Topic: Multiply and Divide Activity: <i>Dividing Fives</i> This activity uses the image of the array, combined with the bags, to show that the total in the array is shared into equal groups. It supports understanding of division as the inverse to multiplication.

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Alignment with Mathletics



Mathletics

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Mathletics

Alignment with Mathletics

Live Mathletics

1 🔁 🖪 🖪 🗖	5 7 8 9 10
What's in level 3?	
Addition from 1 - 50	Subtraction from 1 - 50
8 + 1 + 1= ? Check	50 - 16 = ?
2s, 3s, 4s, 5s and 10s times tables	Doubles and halves up to 50
2 × 7 = ?	12 + 12 = ? Check
	GREA
Addition from 1 - 20 with a missing addend	
19 + ? = 20 Check	

Live Mathletics engages pupils in one minute games where they are challenged to recall Maths facts.

To support progress in Year 2, challenge pupils to use Level 3 Live Mathletics. At Level 3, questions include those on the recall of the 2, 3, 5 and 10 times-tables.

Teachers can set minimum levels in Live Mathletics by clicking the switch to old Mathletics button, selecting results, and selecting minimum levels on the left-hand side of the page. Students can still access higher levels once you set a minimum level, so encourage students to challenge themselves and move on to the next level when they are ready.



For more information about Mathletics, contact our friendly team.

www.mathletics.com/contact

