



Employer Public Report

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Submitted By:

3P Learning Limited 50103827836



Public Reports

WGEA publishes the Public Report, except personal information in whole, or part on the Data Explorer and uses its contents in whole or part for other purposes in electronic or other formats.

Two documents make up your Public Report and can be generated and downloaded after preparing your submission for lodgement:

- Public Report Questionnaire
- Public Report Employee Data Tables

The Public Report must be:

- Given to your CEO or equivalent for review, approval and sign off before lodgement.
- Shared in accordance with the Notification and Access requirements under the Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012 (the Act).

Report contacts will be asked to declare in the Portal that all relevant CEO or equivalents have signed the public report.

Detailed information on the requirements to share the public report with your employees, members or shareholders can be found within the online Reporting Guide on **Notification and Access requirements**.

Gender Equality Standards

If there is a single entity employing 500 or more employees, they must have a policy or strategy in place against each of the six Gender Equality Indicators. More information can be found within the online reporting guide on **Gender Equality Standards**.



Workplace Overview

Policies & Strategies

Employer policies or strategies on workplace gender equality and the composition of the workforce can be powerful levers for making progress and change. Policies or strategies are most effective when backed up by evidence-informed action plans to address areas of imbalance and inequality. Similarly, targets are achievable, time-framed goals that create mechanisms for accountability and are effective when combined with dedicated actions to help achieve them.

1.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place that support gene	der
equality in the workplace?	

Yes

Policy; Strategy

1.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

Recruitment; Retention; Performance management processes; Promotions; Succession planning; Training and development; Talent identification/identification of high potentials

1.2 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion in your organisation?

No

1.3 Does your organisation have any targets to address gender equality in your workplace?

Yes

Other

Other: No specific time framed goals, but are committed to principles of gender representation and equality.

1.4 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to your gender equality policies and strategies, please do so below.

3P Learning has a Discrimination & Harassment Policy that outlines protections for various identity groups under the law, including gender, cultural background and disability. While this supports safe and lawful conduct, we do not have a separate formal Diversity & Inclusion policy or strategy at this time.



Workplace Overview

Governing Bodies

Gender balance on governing bodies or Boards is good for business. It contributes to workplace gender equality outcomes and improved company performance more broadly. Measures to support gender balance in the governing body include analysing the gender representation of chairs and other members, considering gender in the selection of Board members, and taking action to drive change through term limits, gender equality targets and policies.

Organisation: 3P Learning Lir	mited		
A. To your knowledge, is this	Tited		
group for this year's Gender		o reported in a different submi	ission
No	Equality Reporting.		
3. What is the name of your	governing body?		
BP Learning Board of Directo	rs		
C. What type of governing bo	ody does this organi	sation have?	
Board of Directors			
0			ant Ch
oosition?	Female (F)	Male (M)	
chair	Female (F)	Male (M) 1	



G. Has a target been set on the representation of women on this governing body?
No
H. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion for this organisation's governing body?
No
1.6 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to



Action on Gender Equality

Gender Pay Gaps

The gender pay gap is the difference in average or median earnings between women and men. It is a measure of how we value the contribution of women and men in the workforce. The gender pay gap is not to be confused with women and men being paid the same for the same, or comparable, job – this is equal pay. Equal pay for equal work is a legal requirement in Australia. However, illegal instances of unequal pay can still be one of the many drivers of the gender pay gap. Closing the gender pay gap is important for Australia's economic future and reflects our aspiration to be an equal and fair society for all

2.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies on equal remuneration (pay equity and the gender pay gap) between women and men?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

2.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

To ensure no gender bias occurs at any point in the remuneration review process (for example at commencement, at annual salary reviews, out-of-cycle pay reviews, and performance reviews); To ensure managers are held accountable for pay equity outcomes; To implement and/or maintain a transparent and rigorous performance assessment process

2.2 Have you conducted analysis to determine if there are remuneration gaps between women and men?

Yes

2.2a What type of gender remuneration gap analysis has been undertaken?

Like-for-like pay gaps analysis which compares the same or similar roles of equal or comparable value to identify unequal pay; Overall gender pay gap analysis to identify the difference between women's and men's average pay and gender composition across the whole organisation

2.2b When was the most recent gender remuneration gap analysis undertaken?

Within the last 12 months

2.2c Did you take any actions as a result of your gender remuneration gap analysis?

Yes



Corrected instances of unequal pay; Identified cause/s of the gaps; Reported results of pay gap analysis to the governing body; Reported results of pay gap analysis to the executive

You may also provide more detail below on the gender remuneration gap analysis that was undertaken.

2.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to employer action on pay equity and/or gender remuneration gaps in your workplace, please do so below.

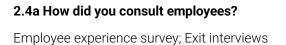


Action on Gender Equality

Employee Consultation

Engaging employees through consultation on gender equality issues helps employers to understand the employee experience and to take meaningful action. Employers can use the information they learn through the consultation process to generate solutions that are practical and relevant to their organisation.

2.4 Have you consulted with employees on issues concerning gender equality in your workplace during the reporting period?	
Yes	



2.4b Who did you consult?

ALL staff

2.5 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to ensure employees are consulted and have input on issues concerning gender equality in the workplace?

Yes

Strategy

Yes

2.8 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to employee consultation on gender Equality in your workplace, please do so below.



Flexible Work

Flexible Working Arrangements

A flexible working arrangement is an agreement between an employer and an employee to change the standard working arrangement, often through a change to the hours, pattern or location of work. Flexible work is a key enabler of gender equality, helps accommodate an employee's commitments out of work and has become increasingly important for employers in attracting and retaining diverse and talented employees.

3.1 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on flexible working arrangements?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

3.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

A business case for flexibility has been established and endorsed at the leadership level; Leaders are visible role models of flexible working; Flexible working is promoted throughout the organisation; Leaders are held accountable for improving take up and approval of workplace flexibility; All employees are surveyed on whether they have sufficient flexibility; The impact of flexibility is measured and evaluated (e.g. reduced absenteeism, increased employee engagement); Flexible work offerings are available to all employees, with a default approval bias (all roles flex approach); All team meetings are offered online; Other

Provide Details: Managers receive support to conduct performance evaluations that are not influenced by the work location of the employee (proximity bias).

3.2 Do you offer any of the following flexible working options to MANAGERS and/or NON MANAGERS in your workplace?

Flexible working option	MANAGERS	NON-MANAGERS
Flexible hours of work (start and finish times)	Yes	Yes
Compressed working weeks	No	No
Time-in-lieu	Yes	Yes
Hybrid working (regular days worked from home and in office)	Yes	Yes
Working fully remote (no regular days worked in office)	Yes	Yes
Reduced hours or part-time work	Yes	Yes
Job sharing arrangements	No	Yes
Purchased leave	No	No
Unpaid leave	Yes	Yes
Flexible scheduling, rostering or switching of shifts	No	No

3.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to flexible working and gender equality in your workplace, please do so below.





Employee Support for Parents and Carers

Paid Parental Leave

Parental leave policies are designed to support and protect working parents around the time of childbirth or adoption of a child and when children are young. Some employers offer universally available parental leave policies, offering equal parental leave for all parents, others offer with a distinction between 'primary' and 'secondary' carers. It's important that it's a policy that's available to all parents, irrespective of gender, 11recognising the equally important role of all parents in caregiving. Gender equal policies help to de-gender the ideal worker and carer norms, which pervade the workplace and reduce opportunities for women to remain in, or re-enter the workforce.

4.1 Do you provide employer-funded paid parental leave in addition to any government-funded parental leave scheme?

Yes, we offer employer funded parental leave using the primary/secondary carer distinction

Do you provide employer-funded paid parental leave for:			
Primary: Yes Secondary: Yes			
4.1a Please indicate whether your employer-funded paid parental leave is available to:			
Primary: All, regardless of gender			
Secondary: All, regardless of gender			
4.1b Please indicate whether your employer-funded paid primary carers leave covers:			
Primary: Birth; Adoption; Surrogacy; Stillbirth; Fostering			
Secondary: Birth; Adoption; Surrogacy; Stillbirth; Fostering			
4.1c How do you pay employer-funded paid parental leave?			
Primary: Paying the employee's full salary			
Secondary: Paying the employee's full salary			
4.1d How many weeks of employer-funded paid parental leave is available to eligible employees?			



Primary:
Lowest entitlement: 8
Highest entitlement: 12
Secondary:
Lowest entitlement: 4
Highest entitlement: 6
4.1e Who has access to this type of employer-funded paid parental leave?
Primary: Permanent employees
Secondary: Permanent employees
4.1f Do you require carers to work for the organisation for a certain amount of time (a qualifying period) before they can access employer-funded paid parental leave?
Primary: Yes a qualifying period is required
How long is the qualifying period (in months)?
Is the qualifying period the same as the probation period for new employees? No
Secondary: Yes a qualifying period is required
How long is the qualifying period (in months)? 6
Is the qualifying period the same as the probation period for new employees? No
4.1g Do you require carers to take employer-funded paid parental leave within a certain time after the birth, adoption, surrogacy and/or stillbirth?
Primary: Anytime within 12 months
Secondary: Anytime within 12 months



4.1h Does your organisation have an opt out approach to parental leave?
(Employees who do not wish to take their full parental leave entitlement must
discuss this with their manager)

Primary: Yes

Secondary: Yes

4.2 Do you pay superannuation contributions to your employees while they are on parental leave?

Yes, on employer funded primary carer's leave or equally shared parental leave (if applicable); Yes, on employer funded secondary carer's leave (if applicable)

4.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to paid parental leave and gender equality in your workplace, please do so below.



Employee Support for Parents and Carers

Support for Carers

Employers can contribute to workplace gender equality by providing support for employees with caring responsibilities. A carer refers to, but is not limited to, an employee's role as the parent (biological, step, adoptive or foster) or guardian of a child, or carer of a child, parent, spouse or domestic partner, close relative, or other dependent. Employer support for employees with caring responsibilities allows them to better accommodate their out-of-work responsibilities.

4.4 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies to support employees with family or caring responsibilities?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

4.4a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

Gender inclusive language when referring to carers; Support for all carers (e.g. carers of children, elders, people with disability); Paid Parental leave; Flexible working arrangements and adjustments to work hours and/or location to support family or caring responsibilities; Job redesign to support family or caring responsibilities; Extended carers leave and/or compassionate leave

4.5 Do you offer any of the following support mechanisms for employees with family or caring responsibilities?

Support mechanism	Answer
Breastfeeding facilities	Yes
Information packs for those with family and/or caring responsibilities	No
Referral services to support employees with family and/ or caring responsibilities	Yes
Coaching for employees returning to work from parental leave and/or extended carers leave and/or career breaks	No
Internal support networks for parents and/or carers	No
Targeted communication mechanisms (e.g. intranet forums)	No



Support mechanism	Answer
Breastfeeding facilities	Yes
Return to work bonus (only select if this bonus is not the balance of paid parental leave)	No
Support for employees with securing care (including school holiday care) by securing priority places at local care centres (could include for childcare, eldercare and/or adult day centres)	No
Referral services for care facilities (could include for childcare, eldercare and/or adult day centres)	No
On-site childcare	No
Employer subsidised childcare	No
Parenting workshop	No
Keep-in-touch programs for carers on extended leave and/or parental leave	Yes
Access to counselling and external support for carers (e.g. EAP)	Yes

Other

Employees are welcome to bring their children into the office during school holidays, and we support this as a way to help balance family and work commitments.



4.6 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to support for carers in your workplace, please do so below.



Harm Prevention

Sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination

Workplace sexual harassment and sex discrimination is a gender equality issue that predominantly impacts women. To increase women's workforce participation and well-being, it is essential employers take action to prioritise and protect all employees from sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination and ensure that every employee feels safe in the workplace.

5.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies on the prevention of and appropriate response to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination?

Yes

Policy

5.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

A grievance process; Definitions and examples of sexual harassment, harassment on the grounds of sex and discrimination and consequences of engaging in this behaviour; The legal responsibilities of the employer to eliminate, so far as possible, sexual harassment and how it is demonstrated in the organisation; Disclosure options (internal and external) and process to investigate and manage any sexual harassment; Guidelines for human resources or other designated responding staff on confidentiality and privacy; Other

Provide Details: 3P's Discrimination & Harassment (D&H) Policy outlines what is meant by unlawful workplace D&H, the procedures in place to hear and resolve workplace complaints relating to D&H, and the avenues through which employees can make a complaint.

5.1b If Yes, have the policies and/or strategies been reviewed and approved in the reporting period by the Governing Body and CEO (or equivalent)?

	Answer
By the Governing Body	No
By the CEO (or equivalent)	No

5.2 Do you provide training on the prevention of sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination to the following groups?

Yes

Cohort	At induction	At promotion	Annually	Multiple times per year
All managers	Yes	No	No	No
All non-managers	Yes	No	No	No



	Vee	Nie	NI-	
The Governing Body	Yes	NO	No	

5.2a Does the training program delivered to the above groups include any of the following?

The respectful workplace conduct and behaviours expected of workers and leaders; Different forms of inappropriate workplace behaviour (e.g. sexual harassment, harassment on the grounds of sex and discrimination) and its impact; Options for reporting occurrences of sexual harassment as well as the risk of sexual harassment occurring; Information on worker rights, external authorities and relevant legislation relating to workplace sexual harassment

5.3 Does the governing body and CEO or equivalent explicitly communicate their expectations on safety, respectful and inclusive workplace conduct? If yes, when?

Members of the governing body

Yes

New staff at induction

Chief Executive Officer or equivalent

Yes

;Ahead of big events (e.g. functions, conferences) or at internal launches (e.g. at the launch of a new strategy)

5.4 Do you have a risk management process in place to prevent and respond to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination?

Yes

5.4a Does your risk management process include any of the following?

Identification and assessment of the specific workplace and industry risks of sexual harassment

5.4b What actions/responses have been put in place as part of your workplace sexual harassment risk management process?

Change or develop new control measures



5.5 What supports are available to support employees involved in and affected by sexual harassment?

Confidential external counselling (E.g. EAP); Information provided to all employees on external support services available; Reasonable adjustments to work conditions

5.6 What options does your organisation have for workers who wish to disclose or raise concerns about incidents relating to sexual harassment or similar misconduct?

Process for disclosure to human resources or other designated responding staff; Process for workers to identify and disclose potential risks of sexual harassment, without a specific incident occurring

5.7 Does your organisation collect data on sexual harassment in your workplace, if yes, what do you collect?

Yes

Number of formal disclosures or complaints made in a year

5.8 Does your organisation report on sexual harassment to the governing body and management (CEO, KMP) and how frequently?

Governing body

Yes

Annually

CEO or equivalent

Yes

At every meeting

Key Management Personnel

Yes

At every meeting

5.8a Do your reports on sexual harassment to governing body and CEO include any of the following?

Identified risks of workplace sexual harassment; Prevalence of workplace sexual harassment; Nature of workplace sexual harassment; Organisational action to



prevent and respond to sexual harassment; Outcome of reports of sexual harassment; Consequences for perpetrators of sexual harassment

5.9 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to measures to prevent and respond to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination, please do so below.



Harm Prevention

Family or Domestic Violence

5.10 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Yes

Policy;Strategy

5.11 Do you have the following support mechanisms in place to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Type of support (select all that apply)	
Protection from any adverse action or discrimination based on the disclosure of domestic violence	Yes
Confidentiality of matters disclosed	Yes
Training of key personnel	No
Flexible working arrangements	Yes
Workplace safety planning	no
Employee assistance program (including access to psychologist, chaplain or counsellor)	Yes
Referral of employees to appropriate domestic violence support services for expert advice	No
Provision of financial support (e.g. advance bonus payment or advanced pay)	No
A domestic violence clause is in an enterprise agreement or workplace agreement	No
Access to medical services (e.g. doctor or nurse)	No
Offer change of office location	No
Emergency accommodation assistance	No

5.12 Do you have the following types of leave in place to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Access to paid domestic violence leave?

Yes

Is it unlimited?

No

Do you offer paid family and domestic violence leave by negotiation or as needed?

Yes

How many days of paid domestic violence leave?

10



Access to unpaid domestic violence leave?

Yes

Is it unlimited?

Yes

5.13 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to family and domestic violence affecting your employees, please do so below.

In addition to the 10-day entitlement under the National Employment Standards, further paid or unpaid family and domestic violence leave may be considered on a case-by-case basis in consultation with managers, depending on the employee's needs.



Public Report - Employee data tables

Program: 2024 - 25 Gender Equality Reporting Corporate group of: 3P Learning Limited Total group employee count: 272

Table 1 – Gender composition of all occupational categories

		No. of er	nployees	Number of g	graduates or (combined)	T-t-1 +
Occupational category	Employment status	F	М	F	M	Total employees*
Managers	Full-time permanent	14	10	0	0	24
	Part-time permanent	1	0	0	0	1
Professionals	Full-time permanent	79	117	0	0	196
	Full-time contract	2	2	0	0	4
	Part-time permanent	22	3	0	0	25
	Casual	0	3	0	0	3
Community And Personal Service Workers	Full-time permanent	1	0	0	0	1
	Part-time permanent	1	0	0	0	1
	Casual	1	0	0	0	1
Clerical And Administrative Workers	Full-time permanent	10	0	0	0	10
	Part-time permanent	3	0	0	0	3
	Casual	2	1	0	0	3

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary

Table 2 – Gender composition of manager categories

		No. of em	ployees	Number of g	graduates or (combined)	T-t-11
Manager category	Employment status	F	М	F	M	Total employees*
CEO	Full-time permanent	0	1	0	0	1
КМР	Full-time permanent	3	2	0	0	5
SM	Full-time permanent	8	2	0	0	10
ОМ	Full-time permanent	3	5	0	0	8
	Part-time permanent	1	0	0	0	1

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary

Table 3 – Employee movements over reporting period

Question 1
How many employees were promoted?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMP	CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers	
Contidot Typ	Contract Type Employment Type		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total*
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	2	1	3	1	7
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 2 How many employees were promoted from non-manager to manager?

Contract Type Employment Type	CEOs, KMP	CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		All managers		Non-managers		
Contract Type	E Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total*
Full-time	Permanent			0	1			1
Part-time	Permanent			0	0			0
Full-time	Fixed-term			0	0			0
Part-time	Fixed-term			0	0			0
N/A	Casual			0	0			0

Question 3 How many employees were internally appointed?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMP	CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers	
Contract Type	Contract Type Employment Type		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total*
Full-time	Permanent	1	1	0	0	21	9	32
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	4	3	7

Question 4 How many employees (including partners with an employment contract) were externally appointed?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMP	's & HOBs	Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers		Total*
Contract Type	Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	rotai
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	1	1	8	13	23
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	2	2	4
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	8	7	15

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary

Table 3 – Employee movements over reporting period (continued)

Question 5
How many employees voluntarily resigned?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMP	CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers	
Contract Typ	Contract Type Employment Type		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total*
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	2	0	7	6	15
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 6 How many employees were on primary carer's parental leave (paid and/or unpaid)?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMP	's & HOBs	Mana (excl. CEOs, K		Non-managers		Total*
Contract Type	Contract Type Employment Type		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	. 514.
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	1	0	9	4	14
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 7 How many employees were on secondary carer's parental leave (paid and/or unpaid)?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMP	CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers	
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total*
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 8 How many employees ceased employment before returning to work from parental leave (regardless of when the leave commenced)?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMP	CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers	
Contract Type	2 Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total*
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual							

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary